## HOME SAFETY GUIDELINES

General Safety Guidelines	Electrical Safety Guidelines
	Outlets
Stairways:	* plugs and sockets should fit firmly
<ul> <li>keep free of clutter (this includes hallways and exits) and well lit</li> <li>autocase about the new offen</li> </ul>	* all unused outlets should have child-proof caps inserted
* surfaces should be non-slip	* unplug any plugs from outlets that form a connection that is warm to
* should have safe and sturdy railings or banisters	the touch. Do not use them until replacement or repair has been
Floors:	performed.
* throw rugs should have non-slip backing and be avoided in high	<ul> <li>grasp the plug to remove it from the outlet. Never pull on the cord.</li> </ul>
traffic areas	Grasp the plug to remove it from the outlet. Never put on the cold.
<ul> <li>avoid heavy wax or polish as this can be a slip hazard</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>wipe up spilled liquids, grease and food particles right away</li> </ul>	* avoid use of extension cords
* wear shoes or slippers rather then going barefoot when walking	<ul> <li>if extension cord is in use, avoid overloading them</li> <li>aback cords for fouries, hard wires or other defects (consecially, etc.)</li> </ul>
(if shoes have laces, it is recommended that they be tied to prevent	<ul> <li>check cords for fraying, hard wires or other defects (especially at point which cord attaches to agriement)</li> </ul>
tripping	point which cord attaches to equipment)
* avoid hurrying	* keep cords away from oil or grease and avoid use in high traffic
Storage:	areas
* store all poisons, dangerous chemicals and cleaning agents	Electrical Appliances / Equipment
away from food items and out of reach of small children	* all electrical devices should be properly grounded.
* clearly label all chemicals	NOTE: "cheater plugs" (which convert 3-prong plugs into 2-prong
Miscellaneous:	plugs) must be properly installed if used.
* place emergency numbers within easy reach of telephone	* never touch an electrical appliance and plumbing at the same time
* night-lights should be used in bedrooms, bathrooms and	* disconnect equipment that sparks, stalls, blows a fuse, or gives the
hallways	slightest shock
<ul> <li>doorways and exits should be clear of furniture and clutter</li> </ul>	* report equipment malfunctions to your home medical equipment
doorways and exits should be clear of furniture and clutter	supplier
	Circuits:
	* make sure circuits are not overloaded
Fire Safety Guidelines	* repairs to wiring and circuits should be done by a qualified
Smoking:	electrician only
* lighted matches and cigarettes should be put out completely before	Oxygen:
throwing them away	* oxygen increases the flammability of other material
* do not use shallow ashtrays	<ul> <li>take precaution to prevent sparks in oxygen therapy areas</li> </ul>
* avoid smoking in bed	In Case of Electrical Shock:
Stoves:	* DO NOT TOUCH the person shocked. If you touch the victim with
* stoves should not be by curtained windows	your hands, you could be shocked too.
* pot handles should be turned toward back of stove	* Turn off the power or pull the plug to the machine, appliance, or
* be certain that long sleeves and loose clothing are away from	equipment.
flames or burners when cooking	* If you are unable to cut off the power, call your electric company.
Miscellaneous:	* Call your local emergency services to treat the victim.
* smoke detectors should be placed on each level of the home	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
* when space heaters are in use, be sure room is well ventilated	
<ul> <li>bright lights should never be covered with material to dim the light.</li> </ul>	Bathroom Safety Guidelines
	Bathtub / Shower:
Instead, use a smaller watt bulb or night-light In Case of Electrical Fire:	* do not use electrical appliance in or near tub or shower
	* rubber mats or non-slip strips on tub or shower floor are
<ul> <li>Get everyone out of the area.</li> <li>Popert the fire</li> </ul>	recommended
* Report the fire.	<ul> <li>avoid use of oil as this will make the tub slippery</li> </ul>
* If the fire is small, such as a piece of equipment:	* soap holder handles or towel racks should not be used as support
a. Pull the plug, turn off the switch, or trip the circuit breaker	bars when getting in or out of tub
b. Extinguish the fire with a "Class C" fire extinguisher (made spec-	<ul> <li>be sure feet are dry before stepping onto tile floors</li> </ul>
ifically to put out electrical fires).	· · · ·
* If the fire is large or threatens flammable materials: DO NOT AT-	Medicine Cabinet:
TEMPT TO FIGHT THE FIRE YOURSELF.	* medicines should be clearly labeled
* NEVER use water on an electrical fire.	* prescription medicines should be thrown away when date on
	container is old